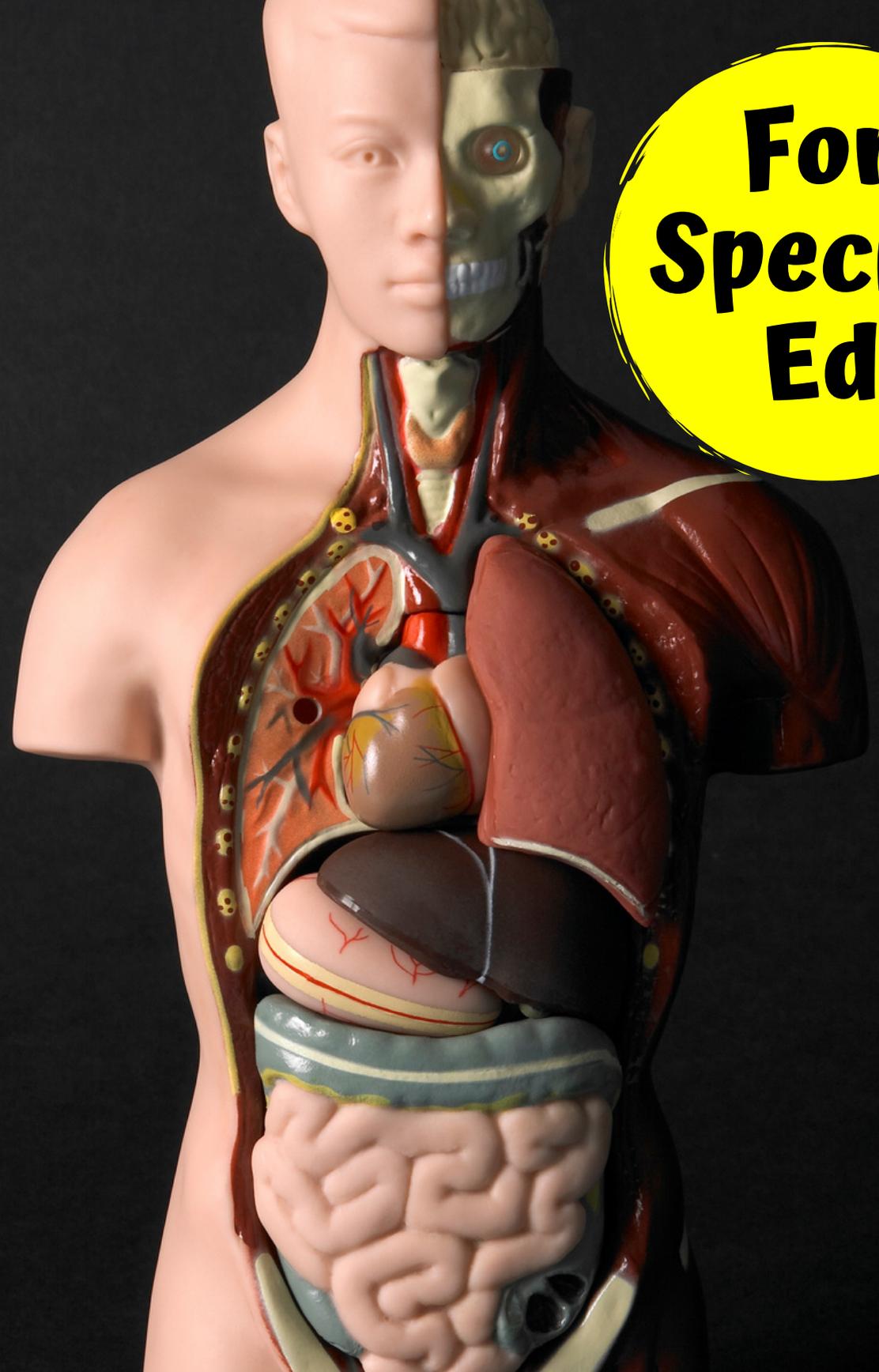


Human Body Bundle (6 units)

DIGITAL SUPPLEMENT

**For
Special
Ed**



Special Needs for Special Kids



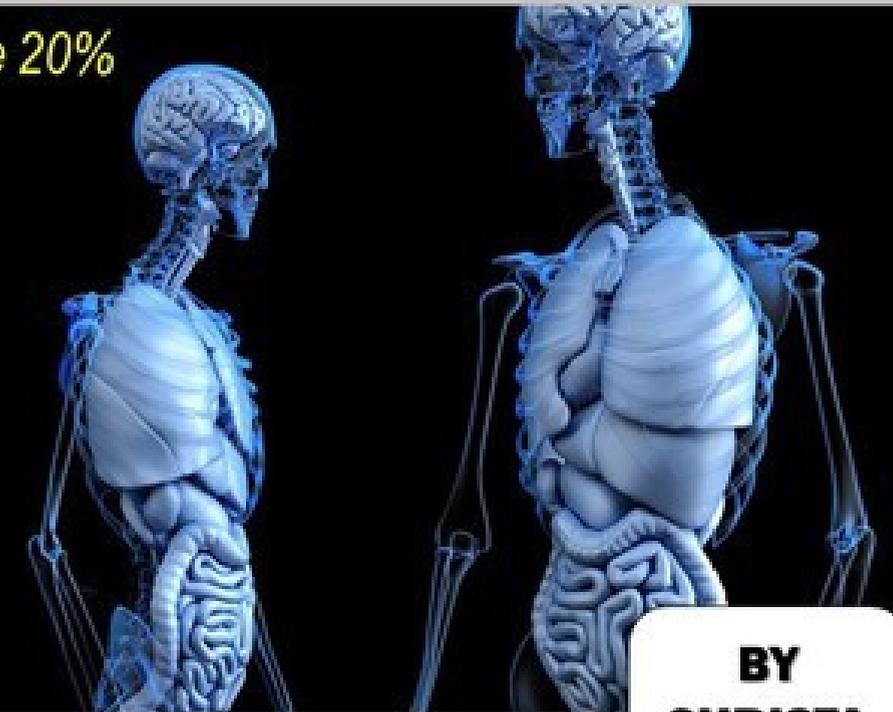


These activities were created with this guy in mind. He has autism and an intellectual disability. He is a non-reader, has a very short attention span, AND he is able to do these activities. He is my tester!!

Please note: These activities are meant for people who previously purchased the original Ultimate Human Body Bundle (that includes 6 units) that did not have any google slides. These activities are NOT supported with a lesson plan or the other components found in my complete units.

ULTIMATE HUMAN BODY BUNDLE

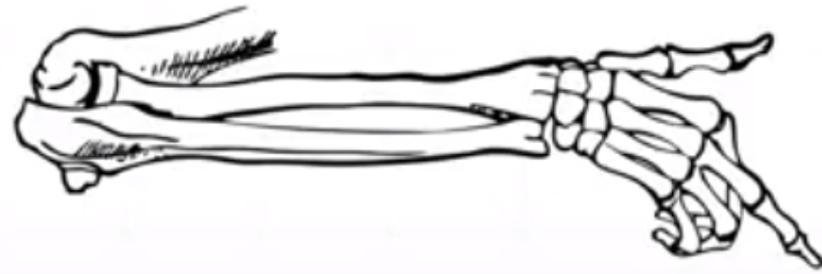
Save 20%



For Special Ed

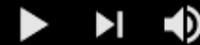
**BY
CHRISTA
JOY**

The bones that help you move are called the **appendicular skeleton**.



This includes the bones in arms, legs, shoulders, hips, hands and feet.

Play (k)



2:57 / 8:50

CC



There is an mp4 version of **each book** which you can play in google or assign for students to watch and listen to in google classroom.

The lungs trap all that material to keep it from going in the blood. After time, the material builds up and starts killing off the lung tissue.



Play (k)

2:03 / 3:45

Christa Ivy, Special Needs for Special Kids



There is an mp4 version of *each social story* which you can play in google or assign for students to watch and listen to in google classroom.

ribs

Bones in the axial skeleton that protect your heart and lungs.



skull

Bone in the axial skeleton that protects your brain.



joint

Where 2 bones come together and allow them to move.

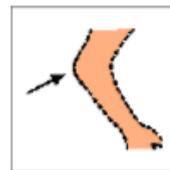
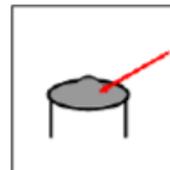
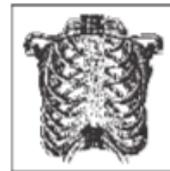
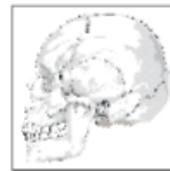


cartilage

Strong covering on the ends of bones where they come together in a joint.

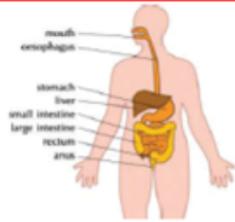


Match each picture to its definition



There are digital versions of the vocabulary matching activities for each unit. Both versions (matching the pictures and matching the definitions) are included.

digestive system



saliva

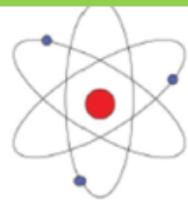


Substances in the digestive system that chemically breaks down food.

Mechanical and chemical processes that pulls nutrients and water from the food you eat so it can fuel your body.

Liquid in your mouth that moistens food and contains enzymes to start breaking down some foods.

enzymes

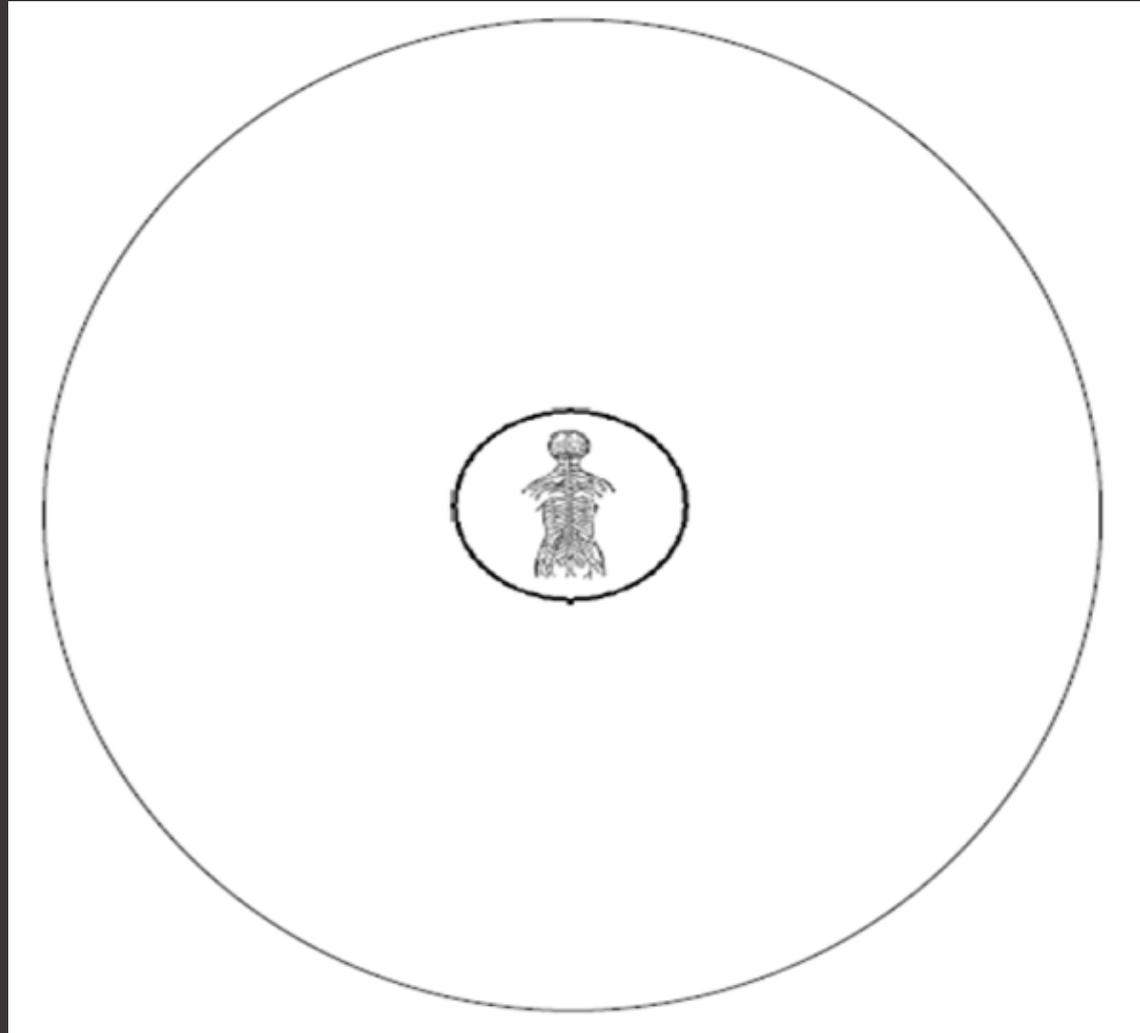


mechanical process

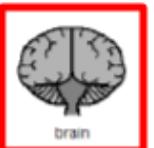
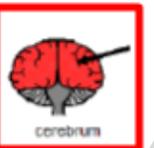
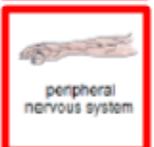
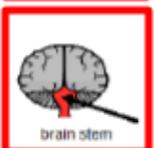
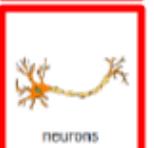
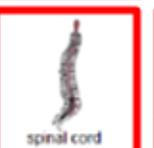
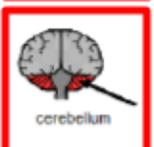


Act of chewing and physically breaking down food. The first part of digestion.

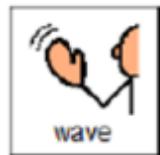
The differentiated versions include color coding so more students can complete these worksheets independently.



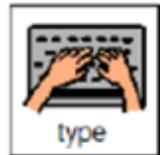
Place the pictures on the circle map
ONLY IF they relate to the nervous system.

 feelings	 brain	 hypothalamus	 cerebrum
 peripheral nervous system	 think	 move	 central nervous system
 brain stem	 neurons	 spinal cord	
 cerebellum	 reflex		

There is a drag and drop version of the circle maps from every unit. The differentiated versions contains only correct answers.



wave



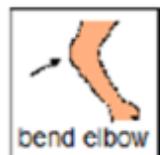
type



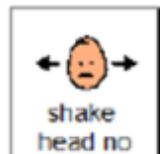
walk



stand tall



bend elbow



shake head no



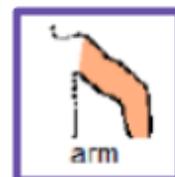
Match the action to the primary group of muscles responsible for that action.



neck



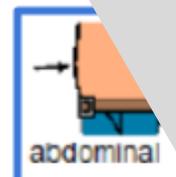
shou



arm

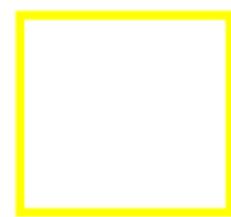


hands

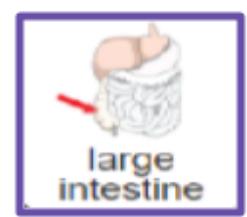


abdominal

Every unit has different activities to support the content. Most of these are available in a digital format that also comes in a differentiated version.



Label the parts of the digestive system.



Labeling activities are included.

Sort the pictures into the correct column.

 skeletal	 smooth	 cardiac


arm


stomach


leg


jaw

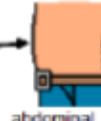

heart


bladder


shoulder




neck


abdominal


feet


large intestine

Sorting activities are included.

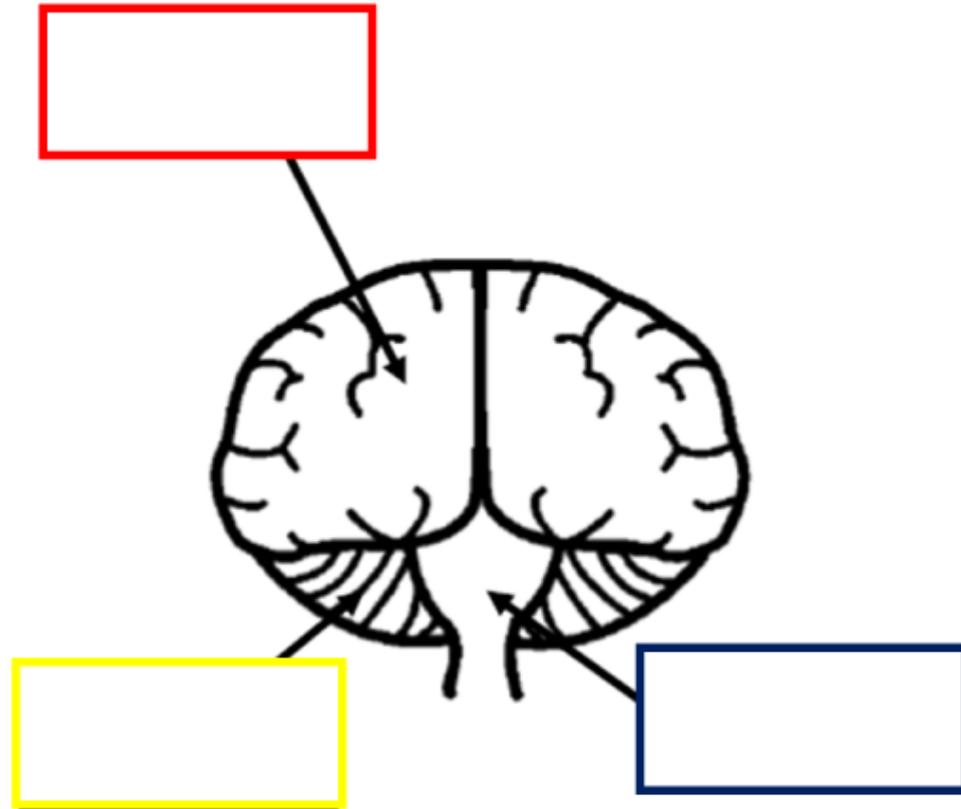
There are a lot of labeling activities involving the periodic table. All of which comes in a differentiated version with color coding.

Label each part correctly.

cerebrum

cerebellum

brain stem



Respiratory System

1. The respiratory takes from the air we breathe.

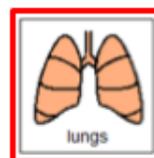
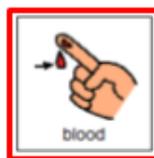
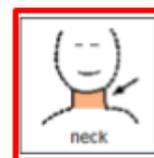
2. There are parts to the respiratory system.

3. The trachea is a hollow tube in your .

4. The are the main organ of the respiratory system.

5. Your lungs takes oxygen from the air and send it to your .

Use the pictures to complete each sentence.

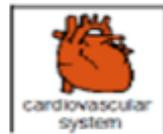
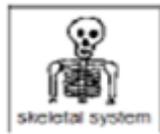


Christa Joy, Special Needs for Special Kids
The Picture Communication Symbols ©1981–2020 by Tobii Dynavox. All Rights Reserved
Worldwide. Used with permission. Boardmaker® is a trademark of Tobii Dynavox

Every unit has these fill in the blank worksheets that come in digital formats.

The differentiated versions use color coding.

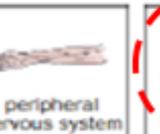
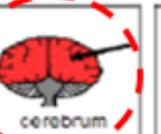
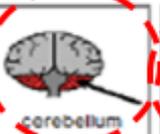
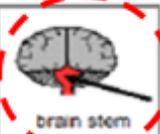
1. What is the name of the system that is made up of the brain, spinal cord and nerves?



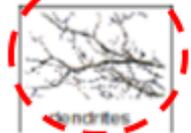
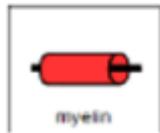
2. True or False. There is a law that says public places must be accessible to people in wheelchairs.



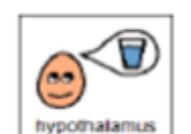
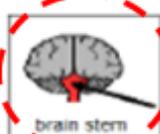
3. Circle all the parts of the brain:



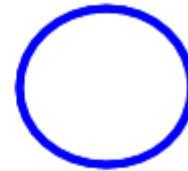
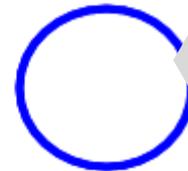
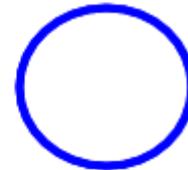
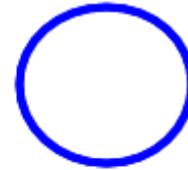
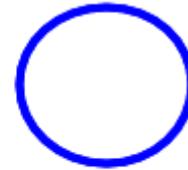
4. Long branches on a neuron that send messages are:



5. The part of your brain that keeps your heart beating is:



Circle the best answer for each question.



The digital version of each assessment looks like this. There is a differentiated version where the correct answers are already circled with a dashed line.