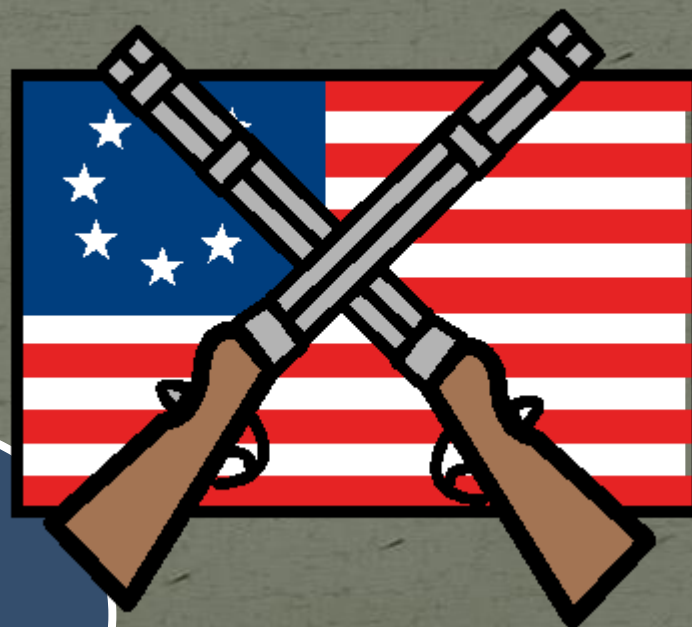


Revolutionary War

For Special Education

PREVIEW



163
pages

By
Christa
Joy

There was not one single event that led to the start of the Revolutionary War. There were many events, over a few years that contributed to a full scale war. But, all these events have two things in common:

1. The colonists wanted their freedom and equal rights as the British.
2. Britain saw the colonies as belonging to them, so they could use and tax them however they wanted.



6. Once it seemed that war was inevitable, the colonists formed the **First Continental Congress**.



The Contin
common c

The **Shot Heard Around the World**



On April 19, 1775, the first British soldiers were wounded by farmers in Lexington, Massachusetts and British soldiers were later killed at a nearby battle in Concord was the official beginning of the war.

Battle of Trenton and Washington's Crossing



Following the many defeats in NYC, George Washington crossed the Delaware River on Christmas Day, 1776, with his troops during the night and ambushed the British soldiers while they were sleeping. The colonists captured 800 British troops and The Continental army regained their confidence in their ability to win the war.

George Washington



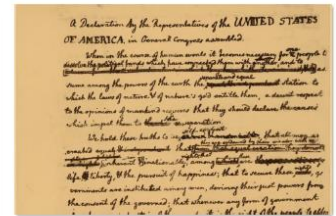
George Washington was the commander of the Continental Army during the Revolutionary War. He had previously fought and led troops in the French and Indian war as well. After the Revolutionary war, he was elected as the first president of the United States.

Most of the things that led to the Revolutionary War were increased attempts by Great Britain to collect money from the colonists and tell them what they could and could not do.



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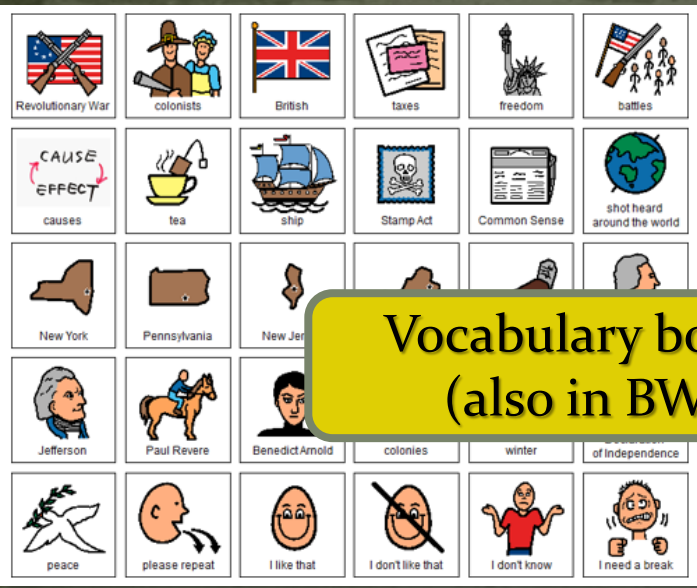
Thomas Jefferson



Thomas Jefferson was the main writer of the **Declaration of Independence**. He would eventually become the third president of the United States.

16 page book with
less text

35 page book



Vocabulary board (also in BW)

Boston Massacre

First colonists killed by British soldiers sent to collect taxes. One cause of the Revolutionary War.



Sons of Liberty

Group of colonists who decided to fight against the new taxes and rules Great Britain was imposing on the colonists.



Boston Tea Party

Sons of Liberty took over a British ship carrying tea and dumped it all into the water. *One cause of the Revolutionary War.*



Common Sense

Pamphlet written by Thomas Paine and given to the colonists. Got the people excited about the idea of war. *One cause of the Revolutionary War.*



Vocabulary Cut and Paste activities

Revolutionary War

1775-1783

War between the Continental Army and Great Britain. The colonists wanted to be free.



French and Indian War

War that the British won in the Ohio Valley. Wanted the colonists to pay for the losses. *One cause of the Revolutionary War.*



Stamp Act

Law, made by Britain, that colonists would have to pay to send documents and other goods. *One cause of the Revolutionary War.*



Townshend Acts

The British decided to tax things like glass, lead, paint, paper and tea. *One cause of the Revolutionary War.*



Shot Heard Around the World



New York Battles



Fort Ticonderoga



Declaration of Independence



Traitor who tried to sell secrets from the Continental Army to the British troops.	Sons of Liberty took over a British ship carrying tea and dumped it all into the water. <i>One cause of the Revolutionary War.</i>	Wrote the pamphlet, Common Sense, that got the colonists excited about the war.
Battle in New York won by the Continental Army. They obtained a lot of weapons and supplies.	Main writer of the Declaration of Independence.	1775-1783 War between the Continental Army and Great Britain. The colonists wanted to be free.
Many battles fought around New York City were won by the British. It almost crushed the spirit of the Continental Army.	War that the British won in the Ohio Valley. Wanted the colonists to pay for the losses. <i>One cause of the Revolutionary War.</i>	King of Great Britain before, during and after the Revolutionary War.
Name of the army made up of colonists from America fighting for their freedom from Great Britain.	Major victories and the turning point for the Continental Army that began their path to victory.	Law, made by Britain, that colonists would have to pay to send documents and other goods. <i>One cause of the Revolutionary War.</i>
Leader of the Continental Army. Became the first president of the United States.	The British decided to tax things like glass, lead, paint, paper and tea. <i>One cause of the Revolutionary War.</i>	Persuaded many people in the Continental Congress that the war was important.

26 Vocabulary cards (also in BW)

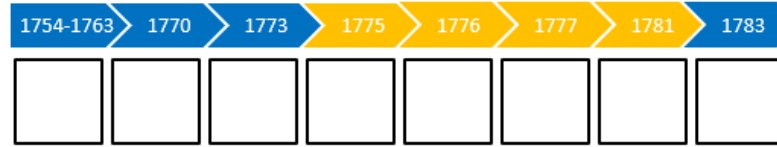
Circle map

- Also in BW
- Errorless and non-errorless version



Time Line

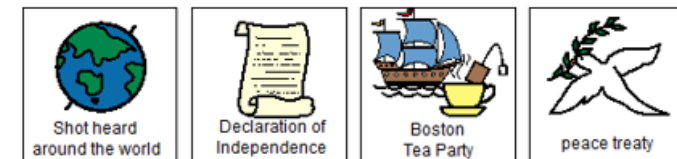
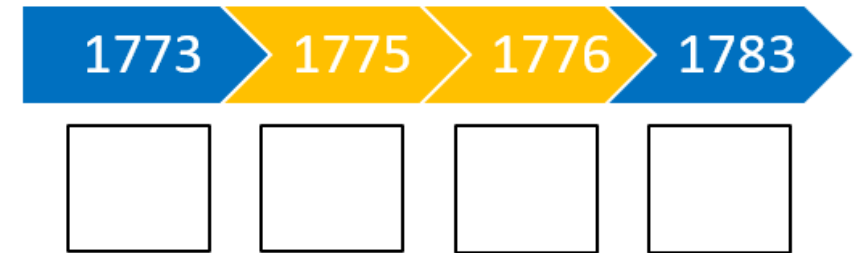
Version 2



Time Line (also in BW)

Time Line

Version 1



Differentiated

people

battles

Yes

No

Version 1

Sorting Activities
(also in BW)

Washington

Fort Ticonderoga

Thomas Paine

Boston Massacre

Benedict Arnold

Shot heard around the world

Paul Revere

New York battles

Jefferson

Battle at Saratoga

Washington's crossing

King George III

M Cc

Differentiated
versions included

Washington

Martin Luther King

Thomas Paine

Einstein

Benedict Arnold

Captain Cook

Paul Revere

Queen Margrethe

Jefferson

Benito Juarez

Yes

No

Washington

King George III

Pablo Picasso

Captain Cook

Paul Revere

Jefferson

Martin Luther King

Einstein

Queen Margrethe

Benito Juarez

Boston Massacre

New York battles

Boston Tea Party

French and Indian War

Shot heard around the world

Townshend Acts

Stamp Act

Common Sense

Battle at Ticonderoga

Washington's crossing

Battle at Saratoga

Declaration of Independence

Battle at Yorktown

Mormon Courthouse

Treaty of Paris

Yes

No

Washington

Martin Luther King

Thomas Paine

Einstein

Benedict Arnold

Captain Cook

Paul Revere

Queen Margrethe

Jefferson

Benito Juarez

Pablo Picasso

King George III

Francisco Franco

Differentiated with
color

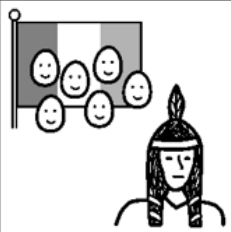
13 page
review/coloring
booklet

There were many things
that led to the
Revolutionary War.

2

Great Britain wanted the
colonists to pay for losses
during the French and
Indian War.

3



1775



CAUSE
EFFECT

1783

1. When did the Revolutionary War occur:

1775

1800

1969

-

-

-

1783

1815

1975

2. How many colonies were there during the war:

6

25

13

3. Who were the colonists fighting?



4. What did the colonists want?



5. Who led the Continental Army?



15 question
assessment
(also in BW)

Version 1

8. Who warned Boston the British were coming?
 - A. Benedict Arnold
 - B. Captain Cook
 - C. Paul Revere
9. What important document was signed July 4, 1776?
 - A. Declaration of Independence
 - B. Common Sense
 - C. Fairy tale
10. Who was the main writer of the Declaration of Independence?
 - A. King George III
 - B. Martin Luther King
 - C. Thomas Jefferson
11. Who was the leader of Great Britain during this time?
 - A. Thomas Paine
 - B. King George III
 - C. Red Riding Hood

What battle ended the Revolutionary War?

- A. Yorktown
- B. New York battles
- C. Valley Forge

Who won the Revolutionary War?

- A. British
- B. Colonists
- C. Native Americans

Traditional multiple
choice included